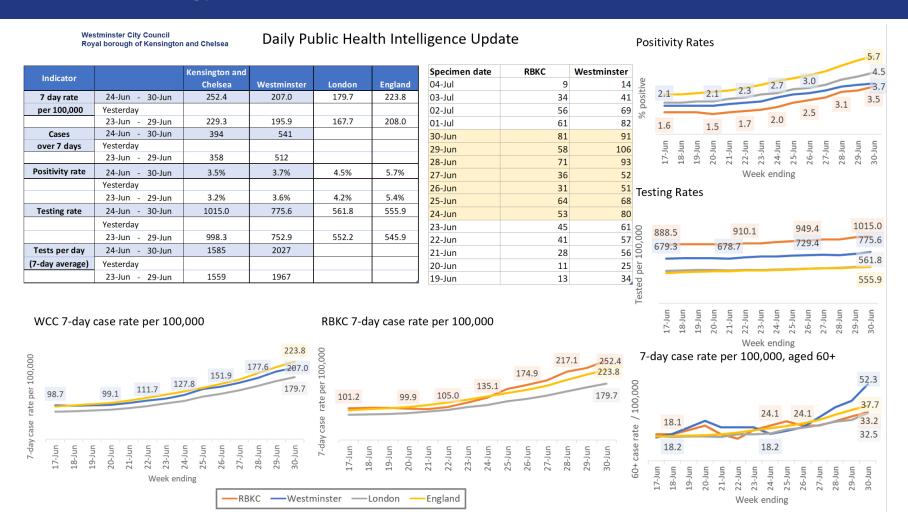
Public Health Update

6 July 2021



RBKC & WCC Epidemiology

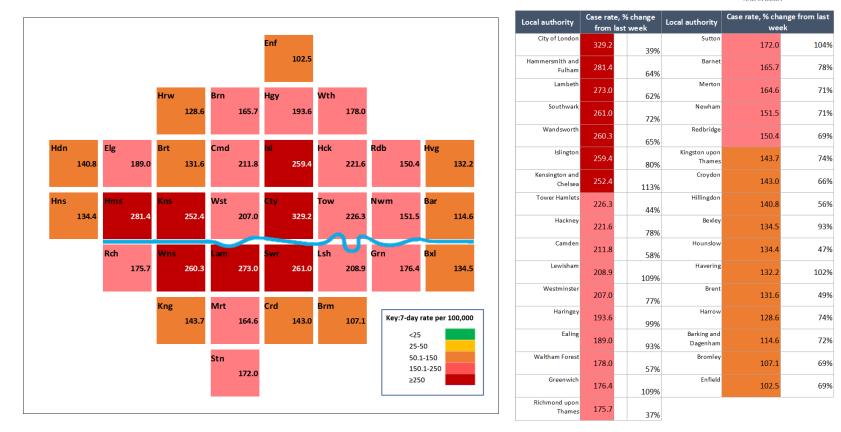


RBKC & WCC Epidemiology

Royal borough of Kensington and Chelsea

Case Rate Per 100,000 across London





RBKC & WCC Epidemiology

Royal borough of Kensington and Chelsea

60+ Case Rate Per 100,000 across London



								Enf	26.7						
				Hrw	28.0	Brn	31.6	Hgy	35.8	Wth	53.0				
Hdn	32.3	Elg	31.0	Brt	29.6	Cmd	27.7	isi	36.8	Hck	25.6	Rdb	30.3	Hvg	49
Hns	30.5	Hms	46.9	Kns	33.2	Wst	52.3	Cty	0.0	Tow	49.6	Nwm	30.2	Bar	36
		Rch	31.3	Wns	58.1	Lam	20.2	Swr	42.6	Lsh	31.4	Grn	30.9	Bxl	27
				Kng	18.2	Mrt	19.6	Crd	26.1	Brm	14.6	Key:7	Key:7-day rate per 100,		100,0
						Stn	26.4						25-50 50.1- 150.1 ≥250	150 -250	

Local authority	change	e in 60+, % from last veek	Local authority	Case rate in 60+, % change from last week			
City of London	0.0	0%	Sutton	26.4	22%		
Hammersmith and Fulham	46.9	85%	Barnet	31.6	100%		
Lambeth	20.2	-27%	Merton	19.6	0%		
Southwark	42.6	184%	Newham	30.2	50%		
Wandsworth	58.1	318%	Redbridge	30.3	46%		
Islington	36.8	175%	Kingston upon Thames	18.2	198%		
Kensington and Chelsea	33.2	57%	Croydon	26.1	36%		
Tower Hamlets	49.6	87%	Hillingdon	32.3	13%		
Hackney	25.6	100%	Bexley	27.9	200%		
Camden	27.7	0%	Hounslow	30.5	101%		
Lewisham	31.4	30%	Havering	49.5	232%		
Westminster	52.3	129%	Brent	29.6	55%		
Haringey	35.8	132%	Harrow	28.0	114%		
Ealing	31.0	216%	Barking and Dagenham	36.0	233%		
Waltham Forest	53.0	69%	Bromley	14.6	22%		
Greenwich	30.9	225%	Enfield	26.7	167%		
Richmond upon Thames	31.3	8%					

Boroughs are ranked from highest to lowest case rate in all ages as per the slide showing the case rate in all ages (colour coding is for 60+ rate) This will mark a new phase in the Government's response to the pandemic, moving away from legal restrictions towards advising people on how to protect themselves and others, alongside targeted interventions to reduce risk.

To do this, the Government will:

- 1. Reinforce the country's vaccine wall of defence through booster jabs and driving take up.
- 2. Enable the public to make informed decisions through guidance, rather than laws.
- 3. Retain proportionate test, trace and isolate plans in line with international comparators.
- 4. Manage risks at the border and support a global response to reduce the risk of variants emerging globally and entering the UK.
- 5. Retain contingency measures to respond to unexpected events, while accepting that further cases, hospitalisations and deaths will occur as the country learns to live with COVID-19.

The decision to open up will be made in a balanced and careful way, with the Prime Minister being clear that people's personal judgement will now be key in learning to live with the virus.

- Limits on social contact will end, meaning there will be no restrictions on indoor or outdoor gatherings. Weddings, funerals and other life events able to take place without limits or restrictions.
- All venues currently closed will be allowed to reopen, including nightclubs, and there will be no legal requirement for table service in hospitality settings.
- Face coverings will no longer be legally required in shops, schools, hospitality, or on public transport although
 guidance will be in place to suggest where people might choose to wear one, such as where you come into contact
 with people you don't usually meet in enclosed and crowded places.
- The government reviews into social distancing and Covid-status certification have also now concluded. The 1m plus rule will be lifted other than in specific places such as at the border to help manage the risks of new variants coming into the country.
- There will be no legal requirement on the use of Covid-status certification as a condition of entry for visitors to any domestic setting.
- As a result of the delay to the final step of the roadmap, the vaccination programme has saved thousands more lives by vaccinating millions more people.

Overview of London's summer vaccination surge

- The NHS is leading on a 5 week sprint on COVID vaccinations. 2.26m vaccinations need to be delivered to reach the July 19th target of 10.7m*
- The overall priorities remain:

1. To ensure the most vulnerable unvaccinated Londoners (in cohorts 1-9) get the vaccine when they are ready to do so.

- 2. To maximise second doses delivered to people aged 40+.
- 3. To accelerate delivery of vaccinations to 18-39 year olds.
- The approach is multifaceted across the hyperlocal, borough, ICS and regional levels, and involves joint working between system partners. The strategy includes both mass and targeted communications and engagement with Londoners and a combination vaccination delivery approach to include large mass vaccination events, smaller pop ups and community outreach, alongside vaccination centres, local vaccination sites and community pharmacy provision.
- *8.44 million vaccine doses delivered as of 16th June





Roadmap Test 2: "Evidence shows vaccines are sufficiently effective in reducing hospitalisations and deaths in those vaccinated"

Estimated reduction in hospitalisations from the Delta variant after one and two doses of the vaccine

